Z = 8

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.33 \times 0.26 \times 0.15$ mm

18794 measured reflections 3390 independent reflections

2760 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 2.53 \text{ mm}^-$ T = 293 (2) K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.056$

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tert-Butyl 3-(4-bromophenylsulfonyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.032; wR factor = 0.073; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.8.

In the title compound, C₁₅H₂₀BrNO₄S, the crystal packing is stabilized by C-H···O hydrogen bonds and van der Waals interactions. The pyrrolidine ring adopts an envelope conformation.

Related literature

The preparation of a similar compound, 4-(4-bromobenzene)sulfonylpiperidine-1-carboxylic acid *tert*-butyl ester, was reported by Fletcher et al. (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

C15H20BrNO4S	
$M_r = 390.29$	
Tetragonal, $P\overline{4}2_1c$	
a = 18.424 (1) Å	
c = 10.108 (1) Å	
V = 3431.2 (5) Å ³	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2002)
$T_{\min} = 0.493, T_{\max} = 0.707$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.42 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
$wR(F^2) = 0.073$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
S = 1.00	Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
3390 reflections	1482 Friedel pairs
202 parameters	Flack parameter: -0.021 (8)
H-atom parameters constrained	

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
C5-H5···O1	0.93	2.54	2.916 (3)	105
$C7 - H7 \cdot \cdot \cdot O3^{i}$	0.98	2.27	3.129 (3)	145
C13-H13A···O3	0.96	2.50	3.016 (4)	114
C15−H15C···O3	0.96	2.47	2.996 (6)	115

Symmetry code: (i) $-y + \frac{3}{2}, -x + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2003); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Bruker, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KP2116).

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supplementary materials

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tert-Butyl 3-(4-bromophenylsulfonyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

Z. Yao, Z.-G. Li, J.-C. Deng and J.-W. Xu

Comment

The title compound, (I), is an intermediate in potential drug synthesis. The pyrrolidine ring adopts an envelope conformation (Fig. 1) with the atom C8 as the flap atom whereas the four atoms are coplanar. The crystal structure is stabilized by C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 and Table 1) and Br···O van der Waals interactions with the distance of 3.126 Å which is shorter than the sum of radii (3.37 Å).

Experimental

Methanesulfonyl chloride (1.26 g, 11 mmol) was added into a mixture of 3-hydroxypyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid *tert*butyl ester (1.87 g, 10 mmol) and triethylamine (1.21 g, 12 mmol) in dichloromethane (20 ml) with stirring in an ice bath. The mixture was stirred at 273 K for 1 h, and then warmed to room temperature, stirred for additional 8 h, then partitioned between ethyl acetate (3×15 ml) and water (15 ml). The organic phase was dried and concentrated to give 3-(methylsulfonyloxy)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid *tert*-butyl ester 2.44 g (yield 92%) that was added into a mixture of 4-bromothiophenol (2.27 g, 12 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2.21 g, 16 mmol) in acetonitrile (20 ml), and the resulting slurry was heated at reflux for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was partitioned between water and dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried, and concentrated to give 3-(4bromobenzene)thiopyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid *tert*-butyl ester 2.40 g (yield 67%) and then dissolved in 10 ml of methanol; potassium peroxymonosulfate (18.54 g, 30 mmol) was added to a methanol solution. After stirring over 24 h, the solvent was evaporated. The residue was partitioned between chloroform and water. The organic phase was dried and concentrated to give the aimed product as a white solid 2.49 g (yield 92%). Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of a dichloromethane solution at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms were found in difference Fourier maps and refined as riding, with C—H distance of 0.93 (aromatic), 0.98 (CH), 0.97 (CH₂) and 0.96 Å (CH₃), and with U_{iso} (H) =k U_{eq} (C,N), where k=1.5 for the methyl groups and k=1.2 for all other H atoms.

Figures



Fig. 1. A view of (I) with the atom-labeling scheme and the 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.



Fig. 2. Crystal packing of (I) viewed along the c axes with hydrogen bonding. For the sake of clarity, H atoms not involved in the hydrogen bonding have been omitted.

tert-Butyl 3-(4-bromophenylsulfonyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

Crystal data	
C ₁₅ H ₂₀ BrNO ₄ S	Z = 8
$M_r = 390.29$	$F_{000} = 1600$
Tetragonal, $P\overline{4}2_1c$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.511 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$
<i>a</i> = 18.4240 (10) Å	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
b = 18.4240 (10) Å	Cell parameters from 5667 reflections
c = 10.1082 (11) Å	$\theta = 2.3 - 23.3^{\circ}$
$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$	$\mu = 2.53 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 90^{\circ}$	T = 293 (2) K
$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$	Block, colourless
V = 3431.2 (5) Å ³	$0.33 \times 0.26 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	3390 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2760 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.056$
T = 293(2) K	$\theta_{max} = 26.1^{\circ}$
ϕ and ω scans	$\theta_{\min} = 1.6^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2002)	$h = -22 \rightarrow 12$
$T_{\min} = 0.493, T_{\max} = 0.707$	$k = -20 \rightarrow 22$
18794 measured reflections	$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0351P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.073$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
S = 1.00	$\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.42 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

3390 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.17 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 202 parametersExtinction correction: nonePrimary atom site location: structure-invariant direct
methodsAbsolute structure: Flack (1983), 1482 Friedel pairsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier mapFlack parameter: -0.021 (8)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2 \operatorname{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R– factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
Br1	0.620575 (19)	0.59671 (2)	-0.04350 (4)	0.06539 (13)
S	0.66889 (4)	0.63796 (4)	0.57777 (8)	0.0515 (2)
C1	0.63226 (15)	0.60962 (17)	0.1410 (3)	0.0468 (7)
01	0.61910 (12)	0.59169 (13)	0.6474 (2)	0.0652 (6)
03	0.83317 (15)	0.59393 (12)	0.9922 (2)	0.0746 (7)
C3	0.68573 (17)	0.67391 (17)	0.3186 (3)	0.0510 (8)
Н3	0.7146	0.7115	0.3502	0.061*
O2	0.66995 (16)	0.71375 (13)	0.6072 (2)	0.0772 (7)
O4	0.80675 (12)	0.47438 (10)	0.9672 (2)	0.0591 (6)
С9	0.75873 (19)	0.49303 (17)	0.7196 (3)	0.0564 (8)
H9A	0.7084	0.4848	0.7434	0.068*
H9B	0.7854	0.4479	0.7282	0.068*
C4	0.65312 (15)	0.62685 (16)	0.4064 (3)	0.0459 (7)
N1	0.79046 (14)	0.54924 (13)	0.7999 (3)	0.0508 (6)
C6	0.59860 (17)	0.56282 (18)	0.2270 (3)	0.0538 (8)
H6	0.5690	0.5258	0.1952	0.065*
C5	0.60938 (17)	0.57141 (16)	0.3618 (3)	0.0513 (8)
Н5	0.5873	0.5400	0.4216	0.062*
C8	0.7650 (2)	0.52323 (18)	0.5805 (3)	0.0630 (9)
H8A	0.8112	0.5102	0.5411	0.076*
H8B	0.7261	0.5051	0.5248	0.076*
C12	0.83221 (17)	0.45220 (17)	1.0991 (3)	0.0534 (8)
C11	0.81189 (17)	0.54343 (16)	0.9263 (3)	0.0527 (8)
C7	0.75911 (16)	0.60457 (18)	0.5981 (3)	0.0534 (8)
H7	0.7910	0.6286	0.5339	0.064*
C10	0.78683 (18)	0.62034 (18)	0.7381 (3)	0.0562 (8)
H10A	0.8343	0.6430	0.7356	0.067*
H10B	0.7536	0.6519	0.7854	0.067*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

C2	0.67588 (17)	0.66560 (17)	0.1851 (3)	0.0512 (8)
H2	0.6981	0.6970	0.1255	0.061*
C14	0.8185 (2)	0.37114 (18)	1.0985 (4)	0.0701 (10)
H14A	0.7677	0.3621	1.0850	0.105*
H14B	0.8333	0.3508	1.1817	0.105*
H14C	0.8459	0.3491	1.0284	0.105*
C13	0.7871 (2)	0.4881 (2)	1.2038 (4)	0.0810 (11)
H13A	0.8001	0.5385	1.2097	0.121*
H13B	0.7957	0.4650	1.2874	0.121*
H13C	0.7367	0.4839	1.1812	0.121*
C15	0.9123 (2)	0.4685 (3)	1.1138 (5)	0.0936 (14)
H15A	0.9379	0.4509	1.0374	0.140*
H15B	0.9306	0.4448	1.1916	0.140*
H15C	0.9192	0.5199	1.1216	0.140*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0659 (2)	0.0847 (3)	0.04548 (16)	0.00603 (17)	-0.00009 (17)	0.00048 (18)
S	0.0526 (5)	0.0572 (5)	0.0447 (4)	0.0067 (4)	0.0066 (4)	-0.0020 (3)
C1	0.0444 (17)	0.0557 (19)	0.0402 (14)	0.0114 (16)	0.0003 (13)	0.0023 (14)
01	0.0509 (12)	0.0935 (17)	0.0512 (12)	0.0015 (15)	0.0106 (11)	0.0073 (12)
O3	0.1084 (18)	0.0532 (13)	0.0621 (15)	-0.0231 (14)	-0.0227 (13)	0.0004 (11)
C3	0.0526 (18)	0.0429 (17)	0.0577 (19)	0.0007 (15)	0.0012 (15)	0.0030 (16)
O2	0.105 (2)	0.0596 (15)	0.0674 (16)	0.0173 (15)	-0.0021 (15)	-0.0141 (12)
O4	0.0740 (15)	0.0450 (12)	0.0584 (14)	-0.0080 (10)	-0.0145 (12)	0.0049 (11)
C9	0.068 (2)	0.0424 (16)	0.0587 (19)	0.0013 (16)	-0.0070 (17)	-0.0107 (16)
C4	0.0426 (17)	0.0482 (18)	0.0468 (16)	0.0082 (15)	0.0050 (13)	0.0002 (14)
N1	0.0574 (15)	0.0424 (13)	0.0526 (15)	-0.0097 (12)	-0.0044 (13)	0.0019 (12)
C6	0.0514 (19)	0.0591 (19)	0.0510 (18)	-0.0020 (16)	0.0006 (15)	-0.0031 (15)
C5	0.0499 (19)	0.0507 (18)	0.0534 (18)	-0.0031 (15)	0.0074 (15)	0.0090 (14)
C8	0.061 (2)	0.071 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.0140 (17)	-0.0035 (16)	-0.0140 (17)
C12	0.0533 (19)	0.0502 (18)	0.0566 (19)	0.0048 (16)	-0.0085 (15)	0.0051 (15)
C11	0.0588 (19)	0.0431 (17)	0.056 (2)	-0.0081 (15)	-0.0050 (16)	-0.0003 (15)
C7	0.0474 (17)	0.065 (2)	0.0472 (16)	-0.0050 (16)	0.0070 (14)	0.0041 (15)
C10	0.0614 (19)	0.0516 (18)	0.0556 (19)	-0.0159 (17)	-0.0039 (15)	0.0101 (16)
C2	0.0493 (17)	0.0537 (18)	0.0506 (18)	0.0014 (16)	0.0062 (15)	0.0129 (15)
C14	0.080 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.080 (3)	0.0036 (19)	-0.017 (2)	0.0083 (17)
C13	0.099 (3)	0.074 (2)	0.070 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.010 (2)
C15	0.054 (2)	0.102 (3)	0.125 (4)	-0.004 (2)	-0.022 (2)	0.013 (3)

Geometric parameters	(Å,	%	
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Br1—C1	1.893 (3)	С5—Н5	0.9300
S—O2	1.428 (2)	C8—C7	1.513 (5)
S-01	1.437 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9700
SC4	1.768 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9700
S—C7	1.784 (3)	C12—C13	1.499 (5)
C1—C6	1.372 (4)	C12—C15	1.513 (5)

C1 - C2	1 381 (4)	C12—C14	1 515 (5)
O3—C11	1.210 (4)	C7—C10	1.533 (4)
C3—C2	1 370 (5)	С7—Н7	0 9800
C3—C4	1 378 (4)	C10—H10A	0 9700
С3—Н3	0.9300	C10—H10B	0.9700
04-011	1 341 (4)	C2—H2	0.9300
04-012	1 472 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C9—N1	1.440(4)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C9—C8	1 516 (4)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C9—H9A	0.9700	C13—H13A	0.9600
C9—H9B	0.9700	C13—H13B	0.9600
C4—C5	1 377 (4)	C13—H13C	0.9600
N1-C11	1.347(1)	C15—H15A	0.9600
N1-C10	1.512(1) 1.452(4)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C6-C5	1 386 (4)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300		0.9000
	110.12(1()	04 012 014	102 5 (2)
02—S—01	119.13 (16)	04-012-014	102.5 (3)
02	108.65 (15)	C13-C12-C14	110.2 (3)
01-5-04	107.84 (14)	C15—C12—C14	111.0 (3)
02—S—C7	107.49 (17)	03-01-04	125.7 (3)
01—S—C7	109.51 (14)	03—C11—N1	123.9 (3)
C4—S—C7	103.05 (13)	04—C11—N1	110.4 (3)
C6—C1—C2	121.9 (3)	C8—C7—C10	105.8 (3)
C6—C1—Br1	119.6 (2)	C8—C7—S	113.2 (2)
C2—C1—Br1	118.6 (2)	C10—C7—S	110.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4	120.4 (3)	С8—С7—Н7	109.0
С2—С3—Н3	119.8	С10—С7—Н7	109.0
С4—С3—Н3	119.8	SC7H7	109.0
C11—O4—C12	121.4 (2)	N1—C10—C7	104.0 (3)
N1—C9—C8	103.2 (3)	N1—C10—H10A	111.0
N1—C9—H9A	111.1	C7—C10—H10A	111.0
С8—С9—Н9А	111.1	N1—C10—H10B	111.0
N1—C9—H9B	111.1	C7—C10—H10B	111.0
С8—С9—Н9В	111.1	H10A—C10—H10B	109.0
Н9А—С9—Н9В	109.1	C3—C2—C1	118.6 (3)
C5—C4—C3	120.7 (3)	С3—С2—Н2	120.7
C5—C4—S	120.2 (2)	C1—C2—H2	120.7
C3—C4—S	119.1 (2)	C12—C14—H14A	109.5
C11—N1—C9	126.8 (3)	C12—C14—H14B	109.5
C11—N1—C10	119.6 (3)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C9—N1—C10	112.8 (3)	C12—C14—H14C	109.5
C1—C6—C5	119.1 (3)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
С1—С6—Н6	120.5	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
С5—С6—Н6	120.5	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.4 (3)	С12—С13—Н13В	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.3	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
С6—С5—Н5	120.3	С12—С13—Н13С	109.5
С7—С8—С9	104.4 (3)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
С7—С8—Н8А	110.9	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5

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С9—С8—Н8А	110.9	C12—C15—H15A	109.5
С7—С8—Н8В	110.9	С12—С15—Н15В	109.5
С9—С8—Н8В	110.9	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
H8A—C8—H8B	108.9	C12-C15-H15C	109.5
O4—C12—C13	109.9 (3)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
O4—C12—C15	110.2 (3)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C13—C12—C15	112.6 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}^{\ldots}\!\!\cdot\!\!\cdot$
С5—Н5…О1	0.93	2.54	2.916 (3)	105
C7—H7···O3 ⁱ	0.98	2.27	3.129 (3)	145
C13—H13A···O3	0.96	2.50	3.016 (4)	114
С15—Н15С…ОЗ	0.96	2.47	2.996 (6)	115
Symmetry codes: (i) $-y+3/2$, $-x+3/2$, $z-1/2$.				



Fig. 1

